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Approved For Release 1999/08/26 : CIA-RDP78-03362A001600040002-6

OFFICE OF TRAINING (SPECIAL)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

COURSE: Communist Party Operations

SUBJECT: Communist Ideology HOURS: 50 min.

METHOD OF PRESENTATION: Lecture INSTRUCTOR: [REDACTED] 25X1A9a

Organized Communism in the United States, released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, August 19, 1953.

Communism and Christianity, Douglas Hyde

50 Years of the Communist Part of the Soviet Union, 1903-1953

Marxist Scientific Socialism (COMMUNISM)

Statutes of the Communist Part of the Soviet Union

History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Bolshevik)

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Organized Communism in the United States, released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, August 19, 1953.

GREFTHEN, EMIL A.

Communism and Christianity
Public Affairs Press, Wash., D.C. 1952

HYDE, DOUGLAS

The Answer to Communism
Catechetical Guild Educational Society, St. Paul, Minn. 1952

50 Years of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, 1903-1953

[Kommunist, Moscow #10, July 1953; Pravda, July 26, pp.3-4; Izvestia, pp 2-3]

MARXIST SCIENTIFIC SOCIALISM (COMMUNISM)

(A condensed version of some ideas of Marx, Engels, Lenin, Stalin)
no author - no date

Statutes of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

The KOMSOMOLSKAYA PRAVDA No. 245, October 14, 1952.

History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Bolshevik)

edited by a commission of the Central Committee of the CPSU (B) . Foreign Languages Publishing House, Moscow, 1950.

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Party Education

An editorial carried by PRAVDA on Sept. 27 [1953] entitled "Tasks of Party Education in the new Academic Year", outlines aspects of Party education to be stressed and errors to be corrected during the Party academic year starting Oct. 1, 1953.

Among other points, Pravda stresses (1) work in political study circles for Party members is to be voluntary and (2) in studying the history of the Party the emphasis is to be on the use of original sources. Under this second point, we can infer that Stalin's "Short Course History of the CPSU(b)", is not considered an appropriate textbook. However, no acceptable substitute for it has as yet been prepared.

Stalin becoming "unperson" in Soviet History

"Operation rewrite" is going on in Russian historical writing. The most significant step pushing Stalin toward oblivion came in the official history of the Soviet Communist Party on its 50th Anniversary, printed in the Soviet press on July 25, 1953. The occasion marked the first time since the death of Stalin that the principles of Soviet leadership have been cast in a precise form. As such the article is of the first importance. It slighted Stalin in such a way which would have been unthinkable before his death, while the role of Lenin was magnified greatly. Not only was Stalin ignored in a description of the founding of the Party (before his death Stalin was recognized as co-founder with Lenin), but his role in subsequent events failed to receive the usual panegyric treatment. Lenin received the lion's share of attention, being mentioned 38 times by name, while Stalin was mentioned only four times, one of these in a quotation supporting Lenin.